



Australian Government

Department of Immigration and
Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs

Health requirement for temporary entry to Australia

Permanent visa applicants should refer to form
1071i *Health requirement for permanent entry to Australia*

Form

1163i

Why is there a health requirement for entry to Australia?

Australia enjoys some of the best health standards in the world. In order to help maintain these standards you must satisfy the health requirements specified in the Migration Regulations before you can be granted a visa for Australia. Dependants and family unit members who are included in the visa application are individually required to satisfy health requirements.

Australia's health requirements are designed to:

- ♦ minimise public health and safety risks to the Australian community;
- ♦ contain public expenditure on health and community services;
- ♦ maintain access of Australian residents to health and other community services.

Assessment of your health for temporary visa purposes depends on:

1. Your intended activities in Australia and some other circumstances

You may be asked to undergo a medical and x-ray examination if you:

- ♦ are likely to enter a hospital or health care area (including nursing homes);
- ♦ are likely to enter a classroom situation;
- ♦ are likely to be engaged in an Australian preschool-aged child care centre (including preschools or creches);
- ♦ are aged 70 years old or older; or
- ♦ if there are indications you may not meet the health requirement.

These situations are considered to be of *special significance* for your health status.

2. The length of time you intend staying in Australia

If you seek to stay less than 3 months and no special significance activity or circumstance as described above will be occurring, there are no routine requirements for formal medical or x-ray examination. Please note that Australia reserves the right to request medical information in any circumstances.

3. Where you have been staying over recent years

The serious disease tuberculosis (Tb) has been declared an epidemic and global emergency. Many countries in the world have relatively low rates of the disease, and there are no routine x-ray requirements from persons who have lived entirely in those countries, despite a proposed length of stay of up to 12 months or sometimes longer, in Australia. Routine requirements for people who have stayed more than 3 months over the last 5 years, or lived in the countries, where there are higher risk rates for this disease include chest x-rays and/or medical examination for stays of more than 3 months. (Please consult the table on the last page of this form.)

Who will examine me?

Medical examinations and x-rays are conducted by qualified doctors and radiologists usually nominated by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA). If overseas you will need to enquire about health requirements for your circumstances, forms and available doctors at the office where you intend lodging your application. Two passport-sized photographs will be required if you are to attend for examination.

If in Australia, after seeking information and collecting the forms from DIMIA, you should contact Health Services Australia (HSA) for your medical examination. In Australian country areas you should contact the nearest HSA office to find your nearest approved medical practitioner. You can contact HSA on 1300 361 046 or at their website www.healthoz.com.au

How does the Department decide if I meet the health criteria?

In the overwhelming majority of cases, there will be no requirement for formal examination, and a decision that you meet the health criterion will be made along with the assessment of other criteria for your visa. For those who do require formal medical examination, the decision usually can be made at the Australian office. From time to time, medical personnel in the country where an application is processed are not able to provide the reports required and all documents are passed to a Medical Officer of the Commonwealth (MOC). The MOC will provide an opinion on whether you meet the health requirement.

Of first importance as to whether you meet the criterion is any sign, however old or small, of tuberculosis. Tuberculosis is the only health condition listed in migration legislation as precluding the issue of a visa.

Any other health conditions are assessed for their likely impact on the Australian community. This includes health expenditure and does not necessarily lead to refusal of the visa.

By migration law, officers deciding visa applications must accept the opinion of the MOC on whether applicants meet the health requirement. The Migration Regulations allow a waiver of the need to meet the health requirement in limited circumstances, but never where active tuberculosis is suspected. If you do not meet the health requirement and the waiver is not available or not exercised, then under Migration Regulations your application must be refused. The refusing officer will inform you of any review options.

About the information that you give

DIMIA is authorised to collect information under the *Migration Act 1958*. The information, including the results of any tests for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) will be used to assess your health for an Australian visa. A positive HIV or other test results will not necessarily lead to a visa being denied. Your result(s) may be disclosed to the relevant Commonwealth and State, and Territory Health agencies.

Summary of routine health examinations (not for provisional visas leading to a grant of a permanent visa)

Country - Level of Risk (citizenship or 3 months stay in last 5 years) Highest risk applies	Stay of up to and including 3 months	Stay of greater than 3 months, up to and including 12 months	Stay of greater than 12 months
Low Iceland, Monaco, Norway, San Marino, Sweden, (Australia)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination required unless special significance* applies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination unless special significance* applies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination required unless special significance applies ♦ health insurance for your period of stay
Medium Austria, Belgium, Canada, Cyprus, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Puerto Rico, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States of America, Vatican City	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination required unless special significance* applies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination unless special significance* applies 	You will be required to undergo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ a medical examination and ♦ a chest x-ray. <p>Note: If you are an applicant for a 457 visa, you will be required to undergo a chest x-ray only, unless your health is of special significance, or you are likely to enter a classroom situation for a stay of greater than 12 months in which case a medical examination will also be required.</p>
High Andorra, Bahrain, Czech Republic, Egypt, Fiji, Hungary, Iran, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritius, Oman, Palestinian Territories, Poland, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Slovakia, Spain, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination required unless special significance* applies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination unless special significance* applies <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ if you are likely to enter a classroom situation for more than 3 months, in which case a medical examination and a chest x-ray will be required. 	You will be required to undergo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ a medical examination and ♦ a chest x-ray. <p>Note: As per 457 visa above, but note that entry to a classroom situation will require a chest x-ray and a medical examination for a stay of greater than three months.</p>
Very high risk All countries not listed above including: Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Brazil, Chile, China, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Portugal, Russia, Singapore, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Vietnam, Zimbabwe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ no formal health examination required unless your health is considered to be of special significance* <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ if you are likely to enter a classroom situation for more than four weeks, in which case a medical examination and a chest x-ray will be required. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ you will be required to undergo a chest x-ray; ♦ a medical examination and a chest x-ray will be required if you are likely to enter a classroom situation for more than four weeks; ♦ any additional relevant special significance* requirements must be met. 	You will be required to undergo: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ♦ a medical examination and ♦ a chest x-ray. <p>Note: As per 457 visa above unless likely to enter a classroom situation for more than four weeks, in which case you require a chest x-ray and a medical examination.</p>

- * Your health may be of "special significance" and you may be required to undergo a chest x-ray and/or medical examination if:
- ♦ you are likely to enter a hospital or health care area (including nursing homes) for any reason. In this case an x-ray is minimum requirement regardless of length of stay. Applicants intending to be involved in medical procedures, eg. doctors, dentists, nurses, should undergo HIV/Hep B testing. Low and medium risk country inhabitants may make short visits to patients in Australia without x-ray screening;
 - ♦ you are likely to be engaged or enrolled in an Australian childcare centre (including preschools or creches) either as an employee or trainee. In this case an x-ray is minimum requirement regardless of length of stay;
 - ♦ you are 70 years or older:
 - a) onshore applicants are to be directed to HSA for a health assessment. Forms to be provided by HSA;
 - b) offshore applicants are to present a medical pro-forma (available from the Australian visa office) to their own doctor, or panel doctor (as considered appropriate by the post) for completion;
 - ♦ you are a parent with a "queued" migration application. A medical and x-ray is required for stay greater than 6 months; or
 - ♦ there are any indications that you might not meet the health requirement regardless of length of stay.

Where there is a requirement for a chest x-ray this applies to persons/children aged 11 years and over.

For student visas - principal and secondary applicants are to undergo the same medical assessment unless special significance applies.